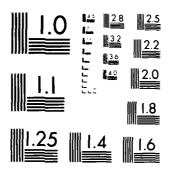
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AD-A142 611

CONNECTICUT WESTERN COASTAL AREA EASTON, CONNECTICUT

EASTON RESERVOIR DAM
CT 00020

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

SEPTEMBER 1978

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The Easton Reservoir Dam is a gravity concrete dam, built in 1926. The dam section is 1,040 ft. long with a maximum height of 123 ft. The top of the dam is about 12 ft. wide. The downstream side slopes are 0.7 horizontal to 1 vertical. The spillway is 100 ft. long wigh an "Ogee" crest. The maximum spillway capacity, at

dam is about 25% of the peak outflow rate of the test flood. The peak rate of discharge from the test flood will overtop the dam by 2.5 ft.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS **424 TRAPELO ROAD** WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

ATTENTION OF: NEDED

AUG 1 6 1979

Honorable Ella T. Grasso Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor Grasso:

I am forwarding to you a copy of the Easton Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, Bridgeport Hydraulic Company, 835 Main Street, P.O. Box 702, Bridgeport, Connecticut 06609.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely yours,

Inc1 As stated MAX B. SCHEIDER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Division Engineer

This document has been approved fir the release and sale; its de nebution is unlimited

EASTON RESERVOIR DAM

CT 00020

CONNECTICUT WESTERN COASTAL AREA EASTON, CONNECTICUT

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION REPORT



PHASE I REPORT

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: EASTON RESERVOIR DAM

State Located: Connecticut

County Located: Fairfield County

Stream: Mill River

Date of Inspection: 2 AUGUST 1978

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

The Easton Reservoir Dam is a gravity concrete dam, built in 1926. The dam section is 1,040 feet long with a maximum height of 123 feet. The top of the dam is 12 feet wide. The downstream side slopes are 0.7 horizontal to 1 vertical. The upstream slope is 0.05 horizontal to 1 vertical. The spillway is 100 feet long, with an "Ogee" crest.

Based on the visual inspection of the site, review of available information, and the past performance of the dam, the dam is judged to be in good condition. The concrete surface has deteriorated and major spalling has occurred. Some dampness was noted at the joints.

The maximum spillway capacity, at top of dam, is about 25 percent of the peak outflow rate of the test flood. The peak rate of discharge from the test flood will overtop the dam by 2.5 feet.

Concrete surfaces of the downstream face and top of dam affected by spalling should be repaired by the owner. A definite plan for around the clock surveillance should be implemented during periods of unusually heavy rains and a formal warning system should be developed for use in the event of an emergency.

Recommendations and remedial measures described should be implemented by the owner within two years after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.

Giavara, P.E.

Principal

Registered, CT 7634

This Phase I Inspection Report on Easton Reservoir Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection: of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman

Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch Engineering Division

FRED J. RAVENS, Jr., Member Chief, Design Branch

Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member Chief, Water Control Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reaonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

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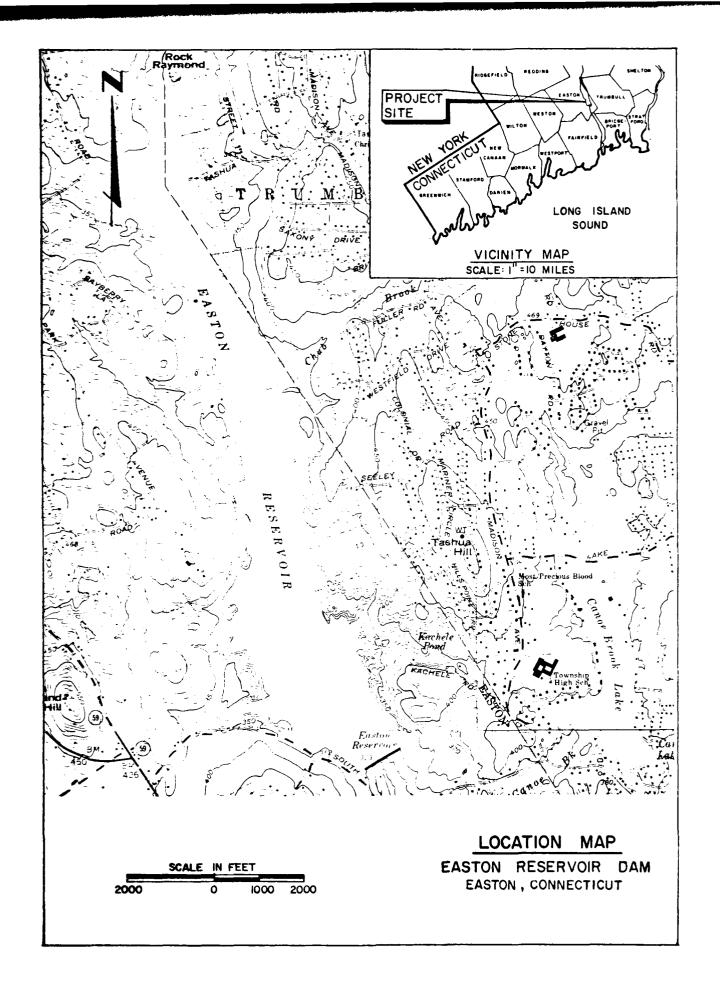
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D	Hydrologic Computations
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EASTON RESERVOIR DAM



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT EASTON RESERVOIR DAM CT 00020

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL:

a. Authority. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection through the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. under a letter of 25 April 1978 from Ralph T. Garver, Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-78-C-0309 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose.

- 1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
- 2) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-federal dams.
- 3) To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT:

- a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. The structure is a gravity concrete dam, built in 1926. The dam section is 1,040 feet long with a maximum height of 123 feet. The top of the dam is 12 feet wide. The downstream side slopes are 0.7 horizontal to 1 vertical. The upstream slope is 0.05 horizontal to 1 vertical. The spillway is 100 feet long, with an "Ogee" crest.
- b. Location. The dam is located in the Town of Easton approximately 2 miles north of Plattsville development on Mill River within the Connecticut western coastal area.

- c. Size Classification. The applicable guideline indicates that for a large category the storage in acre-feet for the impoundment must be greater than or equal to 50,000 or the dam height must be greater than or equal to 100 feet. The size classification may be determined by either storage or height, whichever gives the larger size category. Based on the height of the dam, the size classification is large. The top of Easton Reservoir Dam is 103 feet above the downstream riverbed.
- d. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. The dam is classified as having a high hazard potential. This classification is based on the 10 or more houses situated along the narrow valley which would be affected by a dam failure flood wave. The Plattsville development which is highly populated would also be effected.
- e. Ownership. Easton Reservoir Dam is owned by the Bridgeport Hydraulic Company having its headquarters in Bridgeport, Connecticut.
- f. Purpose of Dam. The dam was constructed to form an impounding reservoir. The reservoir forms part of the water company's supply and distribution system, providing potable water to the residents of the Greater Bridgeport area.
- g. Design and Construction History. The dam was completed in 1926. The dam was designed by Albert B. Hall, Consulting Engineers of New Haven, Connecticut. Subsequent modifications are unknown.
- h. Normal Operating Procedures. Water is taken through the intake structure through eight 36-inch by 48-inch sluice gates and delivered to the distribution system via twin 36-inch diameter water supply mains. A 36-inch blow off is provided. Treatment consists of chlorination, fluoridation and corrosion control.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA:

a.	Drainage Area -	-	12.8 Sq. Miles
b.	b. Discharge at Dam Site - Maximum Known Flood Warm Water Outlet Div. Tunnel Low Pool Outlet Diversion Tunnel Outlet Gated Spillway Ungated Spillway at Max. Pool Total Spillway Cap. at Max. Pool		Unknown Not Available None None None 3,100 CFS @ 1 Ft. freeboard 4,400 CFS @ no freeboard
c.	Top of Dam Max. Design F Full Flood Co Recreation Po Spillway Cres Upstream Port Downstream Po	Pool Ontrol Pool Ool St Ungated Cal Invert. Div. Tunnel Ortal Invert. Div. Tunnel Centerline of Dam	305 Not Available Not Available Not Available 300 Not Applicable Not Applicable 200 Not Available
d.	<pre>Reservoir - Length of Max. Pool Length of Recreation Pool Length of Flood Control Pool</pre>		17,000 feet Not Applicable Not Applicable
e.	Recreation Pool Not Applicabl Flood Control Pool Not Applicabl Design Surcharge Not Applicabl		Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable 36,000 Acre-Feet
f.	Top of Dam Not Available Max. Pool Not Available Flood Control Pool Not Applicable		Not Available Not Available Not Applicable Not Applicable 488
g.	Dam - Type: Length: Height: Top width: Side slopes: Zoning:	Gravity concrete 1,040 feet 123 feet 12 feet Downstream: 1 vertical to Not Applicable	

Impervious core: Concrete core

Grout Curtain: Unknown

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel -

Type: Not Applicable
Length: Not Applicable
Diameter: Not Applicable
Access: Not Applicable
Regulation: Not Applicable

i. Spillway -

Type: Ogee
Length of Weir: 100 feet
Crest Elevation: 300
Gates: Ungated
Upstream Channel: Reservoir

Downstream Channel: Bedrock channel

Spillway is founded on: Bedrock

j. Regulating Outlets -

Gates: 8 36-inch x 48-inch sluice gates

Conduits: Twin 36-inch diameter cast iron pipe to

distribution system

36-inch drain cast iron pipe to blow off/

drain

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN:

The designer of the Easton Reservoir Dam was Arthur B. Hill, Consulting Engineer, New Haven, Connecticut. Two drawings were reviewed as part of this study.

- a. Bridgeport Hydraulic Co. Easton Lake Dam. General Plans of Upper and Lower Gate Houses. Revised July 1919.
- b. Bridgeport Hudraulic Co. Proposed Cross-Section of Easton Lake Dam - Resultant Pressure Curves, dated April 1917.

The design assumptions are summarized as follows:

Concrete weight per cubic foot 150 lbs.

Water weight per cubic foot 62.5 lbs.

Wind pressure per square foot Normal to face of dam 30 lbs.

Water pressures normal to back of dam

Uplift due to water under base:

- Full head of Reservoir at Heel varying uniformly to zero at toe of Dam
- 2) One half full head of Reservoir at heel varying uniformly to zero at toe of Dam.

Based on several operating conditions, factors of safety against rotation and maximum pressures were calculated as indicated in Appendix $^{\rm B}$. No design calculations are available relative to a sliding analysis.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION:

No construction records are available for this project. Information presented in this report was primarily obtained by interviews and direct measurements of the existing structures.

2.3 OPERATION:

No operation records were made available for use during this investigation.

2.4 EVALUATION:

- a. Availability. Only plans showing some of the dimensional features are available. Specifications indicating the properties of the materials used and construction procedures are not available.
- b. Adequacy. Information available is adequate for Phase I purposes.
- c. Validity. There is no reason to question the validity of the documents reviewed.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS:

a. General. The dam is in fair condition with concrete surfaces on the top and downstream face severely spalled. No structural cracks were observed, nor was any visible evidence of abnormal settlements, heaving, deflections or lateral movements noted. The downstream slope was generally in good condition with no sloughing or wet spots noted.

b. Dam.

- 1) Upstream Face This face is in good condition. Some minor areas of exposed aggregate were noted.
- 2) Top of Dam The top surface of the dam for nearly the full length has many areas of surface spalling, joint spalling and general deterioration. The coping has deteriorated and spalled at several areas west of the gatehouse. To the east of the gatehouse, the lip at both the upstream and downstream face, for nearly the entire length, has deteriorated and spalled. At about Station 7+15, the lip has deteriorated to such an extent that the anchorage for the post of the railing has completely pulled away from the concrete.
- 3) Downstream Face The downstream face of the dam is severely deteriorated. For nearly the entire length of the downstream face of the dam there are large areas of surface spalling, joint spalling and efflorescence. The central concrete panel (vicinity of the gatehouse) at both construction joints exhibits extensive joint spalling and efflorescence for the full depth of the exposed face of the dam. Minor seepage is evident.
- 4) Spillway The spillway is in good condition. There is some horizontal scouring of concrete, exposing the aggregate, at about 4 feet down from the crest of the spillway between Station 9+40 to Station 9+70. At the spillway section adjacent to the dam there is a wet spot several feet long at a horizontal pour joint about 5 feet down from the top of spillway. There is some joint spalling at the vertical construction joint at Station 9+70. There is some slight spalling of the downstream face beyond Station 9+90. At about Station 9+80 at the crest of the spillway there is an area about 2 feet long and several inches deep that has deteriorated and spalled off.
- 5) <u>Downstream Slope</u> The downstream slope was recently mowed and is generally in good condition with no sloughing or wet spots noted.

At approximately Station 3+25 a large inlet structure exists adjacent to the concrete dam which is approximately 5.5 feet wide and 10 feet long and 3 feet deep. The outlet appears to be located along the downstream edge of the inlet structure and is covered by a large flat rock. The direction of the outlet flow is not known.

At approximately Station 3+0, another hole was located in the embankment which was 2 feet wide and 1 foot deep and extended approximately 6 feet into the embankment through a layer of blasted rock. A similar hole was located in the embankment on the left slope in the vicinity of Station 5+25. The outlets of neither of these holes could be located during the site visit.

No holes made by burrowing animals were located during inspection of the downstream slopes.

There are several apparent stone inlets on the upstream side of the lower access road. The inlets appear to connect to 30-inch culverts which are laid underneath the access road and which appear to discharge on the downstream slope adjacent to the road with the exception of the culvert near the lower gatehouse, which discharges into the spillway channel.

c. Appurtenant Structures.

- 1) Spillway Channel The spillway channel is in good condition. The low concrete wall on the right side of the channel is also in good condition. The massive mica schist and mica gneiss bedrock is exposed on the bottom of the channel and along the left side of the channel. At these locations, the bedrock is approximately planar, strikes approximately S85°W and dips 15° north. There are some obstructions on the bottom of the channel consisting of small bushes and some grass growing along the bottom. The spillway channel flows into a steep sided ravine near the end of the concrete wall which has been created by differential erosion along foliation of the banded mica gneiss.
- 2) <u>Upper Gatehouse</u> The upper gatehouse was clean and neat and in good condition. The intake valves are exercised periodically and appear to be easy turning. Minor cracking of the walls was noted.

The filtration screens for the water supply mains have electrical power hoists in good condition. Electrical equipment for the hoists, interior light, dam floodlights, and deicer pumps appeared in good condition. All interior wiring was enclosed in conduits free of corrosion and dirt.

- 3) <u>Lower Gatehouse</u> Generally good condition. The 36" blow-off valve was operated to ensure proper functioning. No problems were encountered during the test.
- d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir perimeter is composed of cobble and/or bedrock. The banks are wooded above the high water line.

There was no evidence of slides or sloughing. No noticeable debris or obstructions were seen in the vicinity of the upper gatehouse. The depth of sediment, and rate of accumulation in the reservoir, is unknown.

e. Downstream Channel. Discharges from the blow-off and spillway channel flow into the natural river south of the dam. It has a width of about 20 feet and a coarse gravel and cobble bed. The banks were stable, but the bed appears to be aggrading due to the accumulation of fractured rock, probably the result of discharge channel erosion. Beginning 100 feet downstream of the blow-off outlet, the river banks and bed are heavily overgrown.

3.2 EVALUATION:

Based on the visual inspection, the dam appears to be in good condition. There is no evidence from the visual examination that the dam is unstable. The concrete surfaces have deteriorated and should be repaired. Particular attention at the joints adjacent to the gatehouse is warranted.

The spillway channel contained some obstructions on the bottom and it is important it be maintained to allow unobstructed flow during peak discharge periods. Some trees immediately adjacent to the left side of the spillway channel should be removed.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES:

Water is withdrawn through the upper gatehouse service gates and treated at a plant just downstream of the dam. Two 36" supply lines service customers in the greater Bridgeport region.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM:

The dam and associated structures are generally well maintained with a regular program of grass mowing and general maintenance in effect. Yearly routine inspections are carried out by Bridgeport Hydraulic Company staff. A consultant was hired to perform a cursory inspection of Bridgeport Hydraulic Company dams during November 1976. It was recommended that spalling concrete at Easton dam be repaired.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES:

The operating valves were inspected recently; although the results of the inspection are not available, generally the valves/valve stems need some repair.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT:

There was no warning system of any kind in effect at the time of the inspection.

4.5 EVALUATIONS:

The Easton Reservoir, which is about 60 years old, is well operated and maintained. Although not designed for rapid drawdown, it should be noted that, if the need should arise, drawdown could be effected by the following procedure:

a. Allowing for maximum discharge through the 36-inch and 10-inch blow-off.

The blow-off was operated during the site visit and found to be serviceable. The valve should be operated on a periodic basis to insure continued serviceability.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGY

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES:

a. Design Data. There is no available information on the hydraulic design criteria for this dam and appurtenances. Under established criteria (OCE Guidelines), the recommended spillway design flood for the size (large) and hazard potential (high) classification is the probable maximum flood (PMF). The PMF is the flood that may be expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorologic and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the region.

An estimate of the magnitude of the test flood at the site is based on an analysis of several sets of regional flood frequency data as presented in Appendix II.

As a conservative approach to the investigation, the more critical test flood hydrograph was used throughout. A peak inflow rate of 20,000 CFS was used in evaluating the spillway adequacy.

A stage-discharge relationship was calculated for the spillway and indicates the following flows, based upon a coefficient of 3.9 and a length of 100 feet.

Stage - Discharge Relationship

Stage	Head, Ft.	Discharge Rate, CFS
300	0	0
30 1	1	390
302	2	1,100
303	3	2,030
304	4	3,120
305	5	4,360

The maximum spillway capacity, with no freeboard, is about 25 percent of the peak discharge rate of the test flood. (Compare 4,360 CFS with 18,850 CFS.) In order to determine the effect of the reservoir storage capacity, a hydrograph of the test flood was routed through the reservoir.

The hydrograph was formed by assuming the test flood had a duration of 24 hours, with the peak of 20,000 CFS occurring at 8 hours from the beginning of runoff. The rising and falling limbs of the hydrograph were assumed to be changing at a constant rate, forming a triangle. The routing operation indicated that the peak rate of discharge would be reduced to 18,850 CFS, resulting in a stage elevation of 307.5 feet.

- b. Experience Data. Discussion with water company personnel indicates that the dam satisfactorily passed the record floods of October, 1955 without overtopping.
- c. Visual Observations. The on-site inspection of the dam provided the data for the hydraulic evaluation of the spillway.
- d. Overtopping Potential. The maximum spillway capacity is equal to less than one-half of the test flood. The peak rate of discharge from the test flood will overtop the dam by 2.5 feet.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATIONS OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY:

- a. Visual Observations. No evidence was observed that would indicate structural instability. The concrete surface has deteriorated, and some dampness was noted at the joints.
- b. Design and Construction Data. The design and construction data available are not sufficient to formally evaluate the stability of the dam.
- c. Operating Records. There are no available records which indicate evidence of stability problems since the dam was constructed in 1926. As the Easton Reservoir dam was designed and constructed as a water supply dam and has been subjected to a full head of water a majority of the time since construction, its stability could be considered to be adequate based on past performance.
- d. Post-Construction Changes. A treatment facility and floride storage shed was constructed downstream of the dam, south and east of the lower gatehouse. Neither of these changes affects the structural stability of the dam.
- e. Seismic Stability. This dam is in Seismic Zone l and, in accordance with recommended Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT:

a. Condition. Based on the visual inspection, records available, and past operational performance the dam is judged to be in fair condition. The area of concern is the major spalling of most concrete surfaces and joint deterioration.

The project will not pass the test flood without overtopping the dam, and therefore, the spillway capacity is inadequate. The spillway can pass only 25 per cent of the test flood and therefore the spillway capacity is judged seriously inadequate.

- b. Adequacy of Information. The information available is such that the assessment of the safety of the dam must be based on the visual inspection.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations and remedial measures should be implemented by the owner within two years after receipt of the Phase I Report.
- d. Need for Additional Investigation. Additional investigations to further assess the adequacy of the dam do not appear necessary. However, an investigation and design of the most appropriate method of repair for the surface spalling should be undertaken by the owner, and detailed investigations should be initiated by the owner to determine requirements for obtaining additional spillway capacity.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is recommended that the following measures be undertaken by the owner:

a. Concrete surfaces of downstream face and top of dam affected by spalling should be repaired.

7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES:

Although the dam is generally maintained in good condition, it is considered important that the following items be accomplished:

- a. Alternatives. Not applicable.
- b. Operation and Maintenance and Procedures.

- 1) Arrangements should be made to periodically operate the blow-off, assuring continued serviceability.
- 2) A definite plan for around the clock surveillance should be implemented during periods of unusually heavy rains and a formal warning system should be developed for use in the event of an emergency.
- 3) The owner should provide continued periodic inspections at a two year frequency.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION - CHECK LIST

PROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATEAugust_2, 1978	
INSPECTOR Anthony D. Rummo	DISCIPLINE Structural	
INSPECTOR Robert C. Smith	DISCIPLINE Project Manager	
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
CONCRETE DAM STRUCTURE		
General Condition Concrete Surfaces	Fair, major spalling of top and downstream face of dam.	
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None observed. Vertical and horizontal alignment good.	
Vertical Alignment		
Horizontal Alignment		
Condition at Abutment and Other Structures	Good	
Structural Cracking	None observed	
Spalling	Excessive	
Visible Reinforcing		
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	·	
Condition of Monolith/ Construction Joints		
Drains - Foundation, Joint, Faces		
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	Seepage at some joints, espe-	
Foundation Damage, Undermining	cially central portion of dam.	
Water Passages	Good, some surface spalling.	
Abutments		

ROJECT_E	aston Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978
NSPECTOR_	Richard F. Murdock	DISCIPLINE Geotechnical
INSPECTOR_	Robert C. Smith	DISCIPLINE Project Manager

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DAM EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	300
Current Pool Elevation	298
Maximum Impoundment to Date	
Surface Cracks	
Pavement Condition	
Movement or Settlement of Crest	None observed
Lateral Movement	None
Vertical Alignment	Good
Horizontal Alignment	Good
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Good
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
Trespassing on Slopes	Numerous drainage holes (stone
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	along downstream slope.
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	None
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	None
Unusual Embankment or Down- stream Seepage	None

E.OJECT Easton Reservoir Dam DATE August 2, 1978

SPECTOR Richard F. Murdock DISCIPLINE Geotechnical

INSPECTOR Robert C. Smith DISCIPLINE Project Manager

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DAM EMBANKMENT - (continued)	
Piping or Boils	None
Foundation Drainage Features	None
Toe Drains	None
Instrumentation System	None

ROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978
NSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DIKE EMBANKMENT	
Crest Elevation	
Current Pool Elevation	
Maximum Impoundment to Date	
Surface Cracks	
Pavement Condition	·
Movement or Settlement of Crest	
Lateral Movement	
Vertical Alignment	
Horizontal Alignment	
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	
Trespassing on Slopes	
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	
Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	
Unusual Embankment or Down- stream Seepage	
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes Trespassing on Slopes Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes Unusual Embankment or Down-	

ROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
	DISCIPLINE
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
DIKE EMBANKMENT - (continued)	
Piping or Boils	
Foundation Drainage Features	
Toe Drains	
Instrumentation System	
	·

PROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - INTAKE CHANNEL AND INTAKE STRUCTURE	
a. Approach Channel	None
Slope Conditions	
Bottom Conditions	
Rock Slides or Falls	
Log Boom	
Debris	
Condition of Concrete Lining	
Drains or Weep Holes	
b. Intake Structure	
Condition of Concrete	
Stop Logs and Slots	·
,	
·	
	·

2ROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 3, 1978	
INSPECTOR James MacBroom	Hydraulics/ DISCIPLINE Hydrology	
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE	
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER		
a. Concrete and Structural		
General Condition	The upper gate house in good	
Condition of Joints	condition.	
Spalling		
Visible Reinforcing		
Rusting or Staining of Concrete		
Any Seepage or Efflorescence		
Joint Alignment		
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber		
Cracks		
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel		
b. Mechanical and Electrical		
Air Vents		
Float Wells		
Crane Hoist		
Elevator		
Hydra ulic System		

ROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam NSPECTOR James MacBroom	DATE August 3, 1978 Hydraulics/ DISCIPLINE Hydrology		
NSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE	DISCIPLINE	
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION		
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER (continued)			
Service Gates	Good		
Emergency Gates	Operable blow off		
Lightning Protection System	Good		
Emergency Power System			
Wiring and Lighting System In Gate Chamber	Good	. •	
•			
	.		

PROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam INSPECTOR	DATE August 2, 1978 DISCIPLINE	
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE	
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT General Condition of Concrete		
Rust or Staining on Concrete Spalling		
Erosion or Cavitation Cracking		
Alignment of Monoliths Alignment of Joints Numbering of Monoliths		

DATE_ August 2, 1978
DISCIPLINE
DISCIPLINE
CONDITION
• •

POJECT	Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978
[NSPECTOR_	James MacBroom	Hydraulics/ DISCIPLINE Hydrology
INSPECTOR_	Richard Murdock	DISCIPLINE Geotechnical

INSPECTOR Richard Murdock	DISCIPLINE Geotechnical
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	Reservoir
General Condition	
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	·
Trees Overhanging Channel	
Floor of Approach Channel	
b. Weir and Training Walls	•
General Condition of Concrete	
Rust or Staining	
Spalling	
Any Visible Reinforcing	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Drain Holes	None observed
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None .
Trees Overhanging Channel	Some healthy trees on the bank.
Floor of Channel	Bedrock with some vegetation
Other Obstructions	present.

PROJECT Easton Reservoir Dam	DATE August 2, 1978	
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE	
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE	
**************************************	h	
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION	
OUTLET WORKS - SERVICE BRIDGE	None	
a. Super Structure		
Bearings		
Anchor Bolts		
Bridge Seat	·	
Longitudinal Members	·	
Under Side of Deck		
Secondary Bracing	,	
Deck	·	
Drainage System		
Railings		
Expansion Joints		
Paint	• .	
b. Abutments & Piers	·	
General Condition of Concrete	·	
Alignment of Abutment		
Approach to Bridge		
Condition of Seat & Backwall		

APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION PHASE I ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

NAME OF DAM Easton Reservoir

CT 00020 I.D. NO.

REMARKS

	ISEO
Item	
AS-BUILT DRAWINGS	None
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	Avail
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Unkno
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	Avail
OUTLETS - Plan	From

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORINGS RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD

lable From U.S.G.S. Exist

own

lable From Plan

Plans, Not Complete

From Plans, Not Complete

- Details

Unknown

Unavailable

From Bridgeport Hydraulic Co.

None

None

GEOLOGY REPORTS

Available From Plan None None None

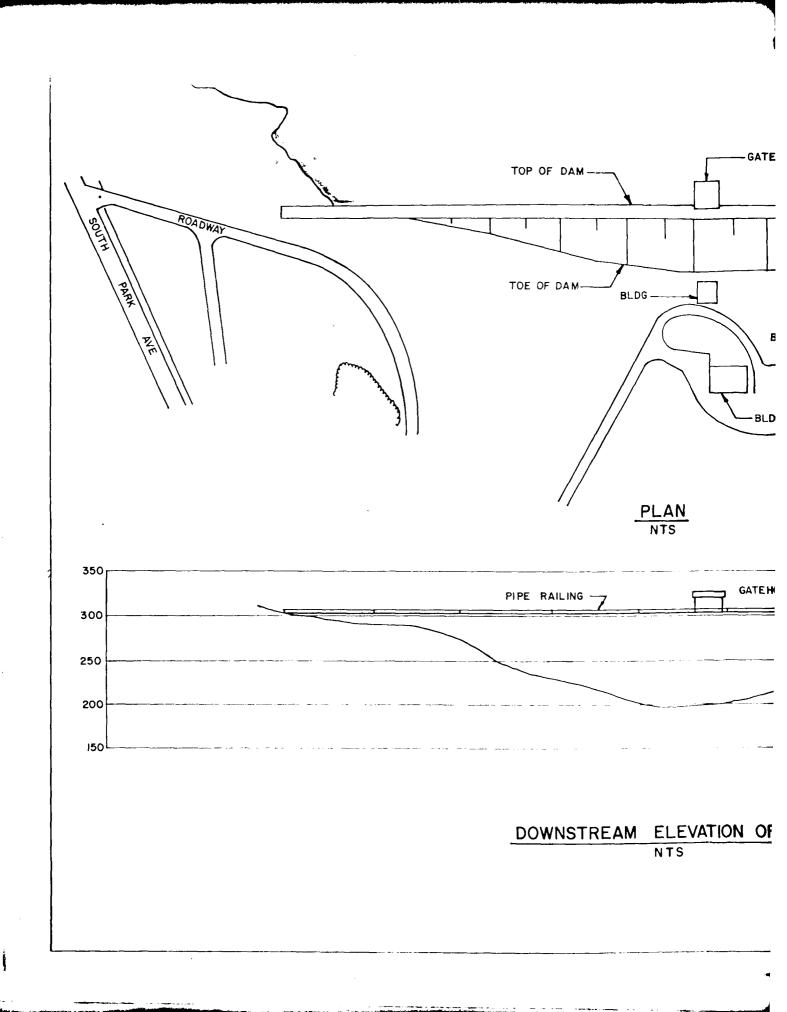
None None None None

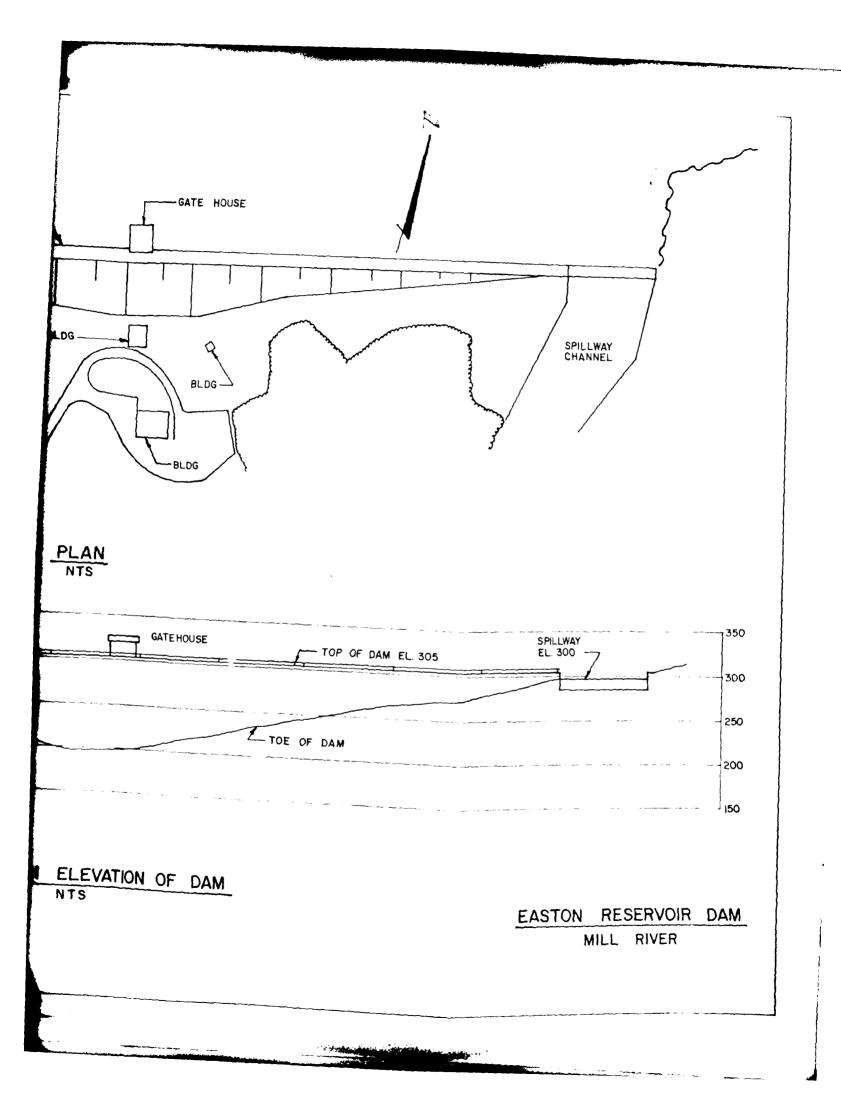
NAME OF DAM Easton Reservoir

CHECK LIST ENGINEERING DATA DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION PHASE I

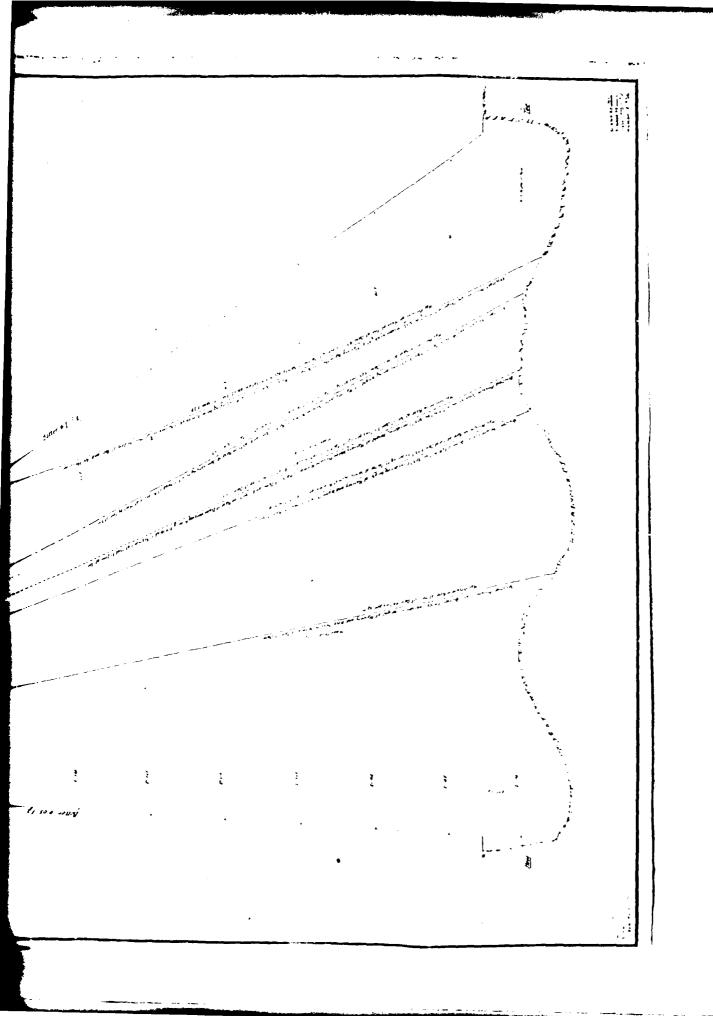
I.D. NO. CT 00020

1 de 1	2 Mar Mad
LIBM	KEMAKKS
POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None Available
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None
MODIFICATIONS	Unknown
HIGH POOL RECORDS	Approximate From Bridgeport Hydraulic Co. Records
POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	None
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None
MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS	Inspection Reports From Bridgeport Hydraulic Co.
SPILLWAY PLAN	
SECTIONS	From Field Measurements
DETAILS	None
OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS	Plans





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APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

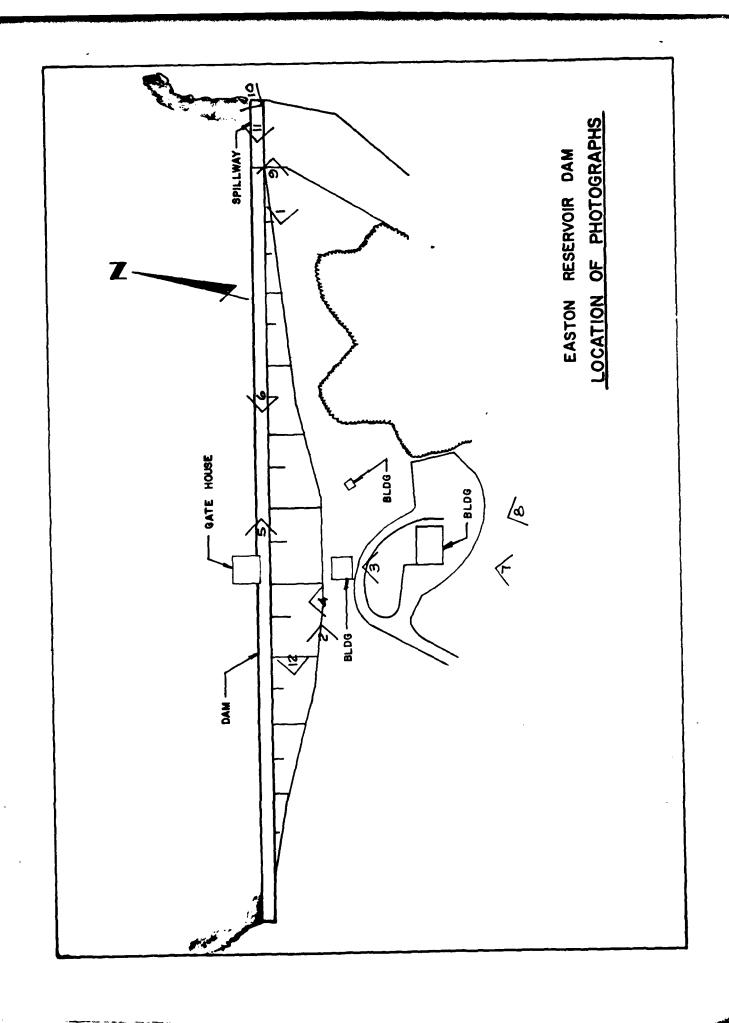




PHOTO #1: Downstream face of dam and west abutment.



PHOTO #2: Downstream face of dam and east abutment.



PHOTO #3: Front view of the dam, showing the upper and lower gate houses.



PHOTO #4: Construction joint adjacent to the gate houses. Note extensive spalling.

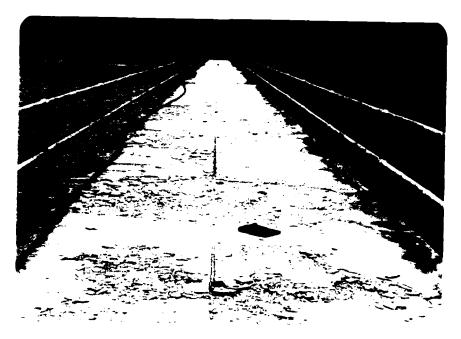


PHOTO #5: View along crest of dam, looking east.

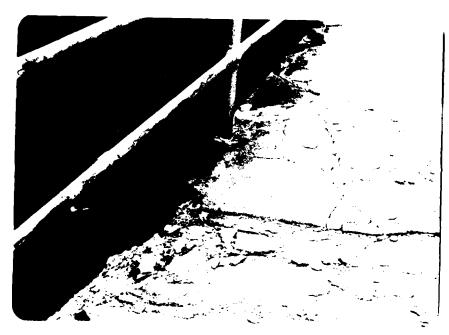


PHOTO #6: Typical concrete surface conditions along edge and top of crest.



PHOTO #7: View of the blow-off discharge point, and immediately above it, the paved stilling basin for the bottom of the spillway discharge channel.



PHOTO #8: Discharge from the 36" blow-off valve partially open.



PHOTO #9: Downstream face of the spillway, looking east.



PHOTO #10: View over the top of the spillway, looking south.

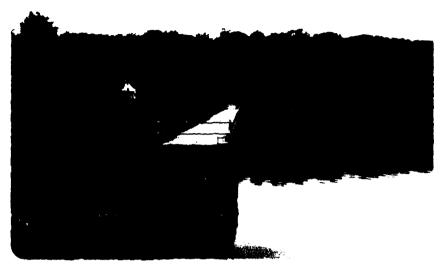


PHOTO #11: View from the east end of the spillway, looking west.

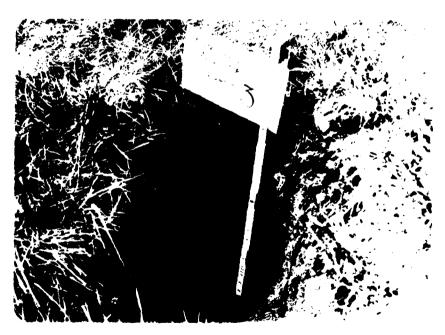
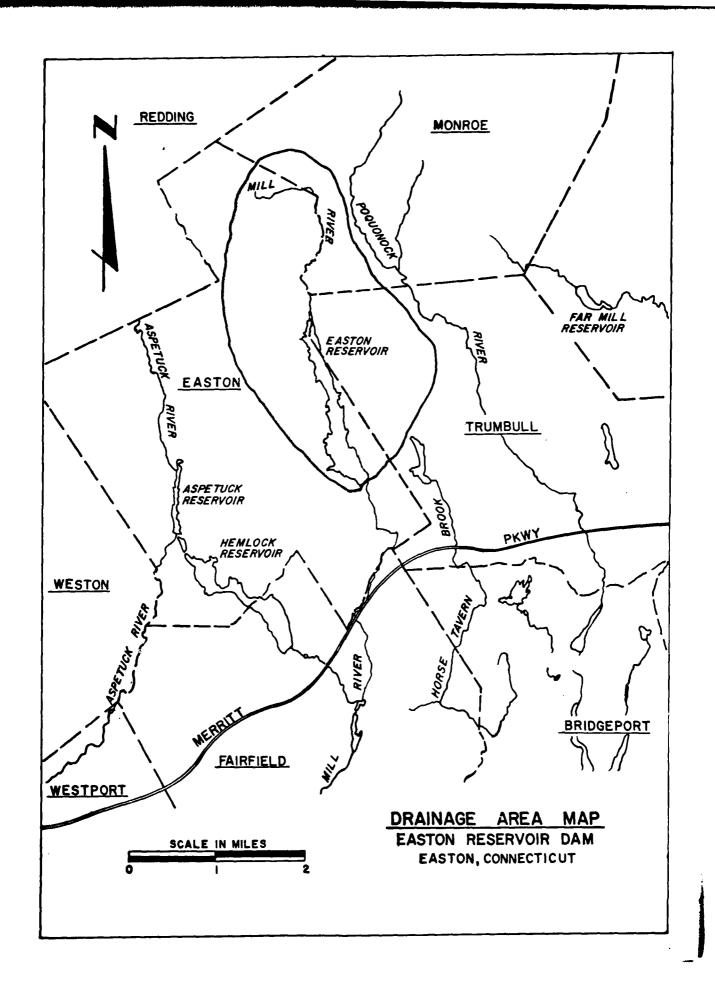


PHOTO #12: Borrow hole in earth embankment.

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS



FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES SHEET NO. / OF 2 ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS BY JGM DATE 8/21/78

UMBUS PLAZA. NEW HAVEN. CONN. 06610/203/789-1280 CHK'D, BY

P.M.F. PEAK FLOW ESTIMATE

DRAINAGE AREA IS 12.8 SQ. MILES

METHOD # 1

REFER TO PRELIMINARY GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING PMF DISCHARGES" BY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS

UNIT FLOW = 1575 CFS/MI2 (ROLLING CURVE) PMF = (12.8 MI2) + (1575 CFS/MI2) = 20,160 CFS

METHOD #2

REFER TO "CONN. WATER RESOURCES BULLETIN NO. 17 , PART 4" BY USGS

MEAN ANNUAL FLOOD = 500 CFS Q100 = 5 x MAF = 5 x (500 CFS) = 2500 CFS

PMF = 5 × Q100 (APPROXIMATE) PMF ~ 5 x (2500 CFS) = 12,500 CFS

METHOD #3

REFER TO FAIRFIELD, CT. F.I.A. FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY, FREQUENCY, DISCHARGE, DRAINAGE AREA CURVES"

Q100 = 3100 CFS PMF = 5 × Q100 = 5 × (3100CFS) = 15,500 CFS

FOR EVALUATING THE SPILLWAY CAPACITY, USE A TEST FLOOD OF 20,000 CFS.



FLAHERTY-GIAVARA ASSOCIATES SHEET NO. 2 OF Z
ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS
ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA, NEW HAVEN, CONN 06510/203/789-1260

CHR. D. BY CHR. D. B

FORMATION OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

- 1) TEST FLOOD = 20,000 CFS
- 2) FORM A TRIANGULAR HYDROGRAPH WITH A 24 HOUR DURATION , PEAK @ 8 HOURS

TIME HOURS	UNIT FLOW	FLOW RATE,
0	0,00	0
2	0,25	5,000
4	0.50	10,000
6	0.75	15,000
8	1.00	20,000
10	0.875	17,500
12	0.75	15,000
16	0.50	10,000
20	0.25	5,000
24	0.00	. 0

3) PEAK SPILLWAY CAPACITY

$$Q = C L H^{3/2}$$

$$Q = 3.9(100)(5)^{3/2} = 4360 \text{ CFS}$$

IMPUT DATA: SECHENT 1 SECHENT 2 IE-300 IV	UNSUB DISCH DISCH	UNSUBMERGED W DISCHARGE COE DISCHARGE COE 0.0	ED WEIR COEFFICIENT COEFFICIENT 300 A=488	3.9 E=320	LENGTH OF LENGTH OF A=488.00	WEIR = 100	ME	ELEVATION OF WE	200 200 200 200
HOUR	UR INFLOW	OW MASS	INFLOW	WATER EL.	TAIL WATER	OUTFLOW	MASS OUTFLOW	STORAGE(R)	STORAGE (A
0.00	00 - 0CFS	41	.00		0.00FT	278CFS	0.00	390.17AC	0.00AC-
-	<u>ا</u>	1,65	-89 AC-	02.95	00.	, 982CF	- 36 4C-	1,442.92AC-	442.92AC-
9	76	3,71	.00AC-	05.68	96	6,900CF	944.17AC-	-2,774,83AC-	74.83AC- 96.50AC-
10.0	1	9,71	74 AC-	07.45	000	846CF	073.20AC-	3,637.54AC-	637.54AC-
12.0	7	2,000	- 69 AC-	80°70	900	Seciences	8,941.61AC-	3,455.07AC-	129 96 AC
90	1	00.6	26AC-	05.57		6.370CFS	6, 287, 69AC-	2,720.J6AC-	20.57 AC-
24.0)	9	-71AC-	04.03	000	F (2)	7,863.90AC-	1,970.	970.80AC-
700		83	71AC-	00.26	8	SECTS	9,706.98AC-	127.72AC	27.72

APPENDIX E

INFORMATION - NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES

TUDE REPORT DATE	15					DIST FROM CAM POPULATION (M1.)	1000			20 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	 	(a)	N LOCKS			37 		9	MAINTENANCE	, ; ;	NO!		
CATITUDE LONGITUDE	+=	•	NAME OF IMPOUNDMENT	~		- "		Sabs Cities	ACRE PE	35100			Man Hard Min			CONSTRUCTION BY			MAIN	3,0,0	AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION	1	
NAME	IN DAM		NAM	EASTON RESERVOIR	9	NEAREST DOWNSTREAM CITY-TOWN-VILLAGE	PLATTSVILLE	HYDRAU WASONING	HELGHT MANINGE	123 121 3600	HEMAHKS		HISTALLED PROPESED NOTER			ENGINEERING BY	19 T 10	REGULATORY AGENCY	OPERATION	NONE	INSPECTION DATE	0240678 14 92=36	REMARKS
(3) 0003 001	EASTON HESEHVOIR	(P)	A NAME		9	RIVER OR STREAM		(B) (S)	PURPOSES	n			DISCHARGE OF DAM	0:151		ш 	IC CO ALBERT	(8)	CONSTRUCTION	M 202)M BY	SSUCIATES, PC	
STATE COURTY CONGT STATE COUNTY CONGT			۱ ک		(a)		OT OF MILL PIVER	(6)	TYPE OF CAM COMPLETED	2176	!		Y A	10-0 0 100	(0)	OWNER	HAIDOFPORT AYOHAUL	•	DESIGN	NONE	INSPECTIO	FLAMERTY-GIAVARA, A	

